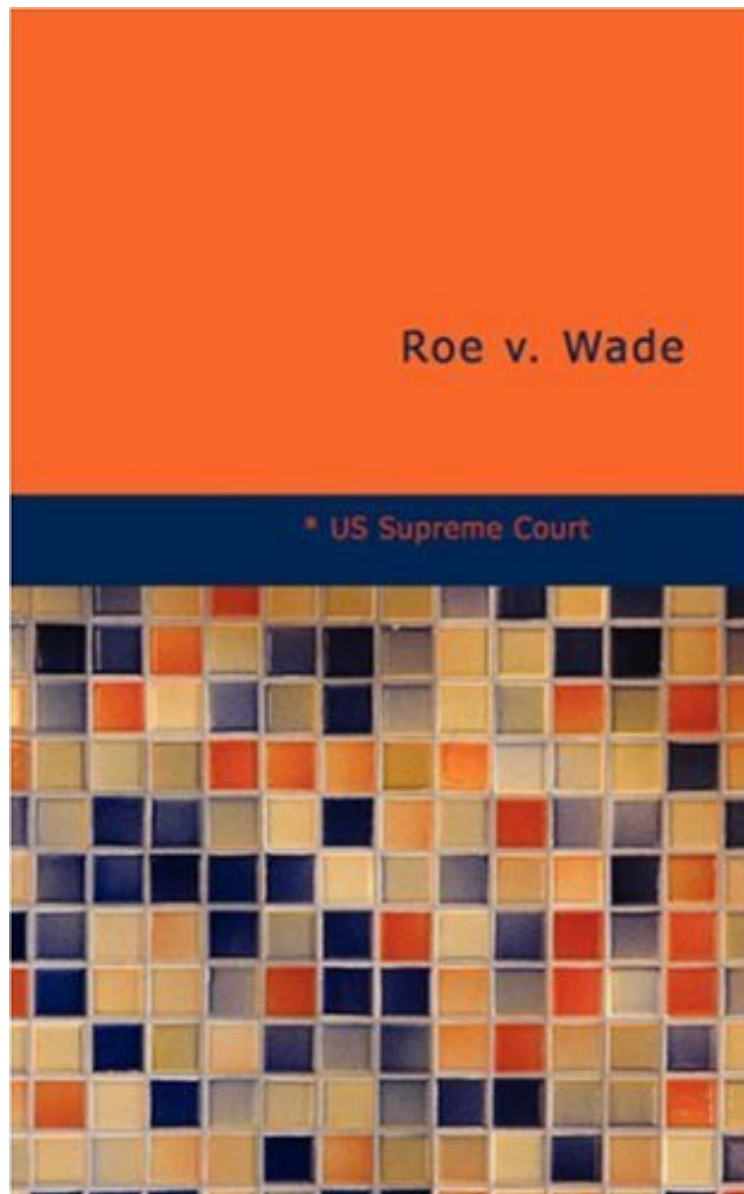


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## Roe v. Wade

*US Supreme Court*  
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**US Supreme Court : Roe v. Wade** before purchasing it in order to gage whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised Roe v. Wade:

0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. Roe V WadeBy JWPurchased this publication and mailed it to attorney Sarah Weddington for her autograph. This is obviously one of the monumental issues of our time and

continues each day as it is challenged. 3 of 6 people found the following review helpful. Wrong on every level. By GangstaLawya There are a number of problems with this opinion. First, the separation of powers issue. The U. S. Supreme Court has no constitutional authority to legislate from the bench, which it did here. Congress could have easily dumped Roe v Wade long time ago if it truly wanted to. Giving a woman an absolute right to an abortion in the first trimester, a qualified right in the second trimester and no right in the third is legislation, plain and simple. Second, if, as the opinion states, that "we need not resolve the difficult question of when life begins," then on what basis are they reaching a conclusion about the consequences of the unborn that impacts its due process rights? Third, why should the woman's right to privacy supercede and have priority over an unborn person's right to life? Fourth, where is the due process that is supposed to precede the taking away the right to life? Fifth, if a man must pay child support, why doesn't he have veto power over an abortion? This shows that women have more rights than men, as well as more rights than their unborn children. Sixth, the opinion claims to conform with the common law, yet, according to the common law, as narrated by Sir William Searle Holdsworth, the unborn fetus is a human being. For example, with regard to the Rule Against Perpetuities it is well established that a child en ventre sa mere (Latin for "In his mother's womb") is a life in being at the death of the testator. This creates an extension of the period recovered by the Rule to 21 years and period of gestation. In trust law, In the area of trusts, where the en ventre sa mere doctrine also applies, upon the father's death, a child may be an income recipient of the father's trust before it is born. According to Doe v. Clarke, an unborn fetus is a "child living." The American case Crisford v. Starr a fetus can take an estate in remainder as if already born. So, on the contrary, the common law never supported Roe v Wade. Seventh, Roe v Wade dissents from over 2000 years of the holding that a fetus is a person since the oath of Hippocrates, which prohibited abortion. Eighth, International law prohibits abortion and recognizes the right to life. Article 6 of the United Nations Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, prohibits the execution of the death penalty pronounced against a pregnant woman. The American Convention of Human Rights, 1978, declares (Article 4) that "Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life." So, why was Roe v Wade written? We get our answer from the current Supreme Court Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg who said recently, legalizing abortion with the 1973 Roe. v. Wade case would eliminate undesirable members of the populace, or as she put it "populations that we don't want to have too many of." Her remarks, are published in the New York Times came in an interview with Emily Bazelon titled, "The Place of Women on the Court." Well, now Blackmun and the other six are undesirables God doesn't want in heaven.

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